

globus gssapi gsi
10.2

Generated by Doxygen 1.7.6.1

Thu Mar 15 2012 20:08:35

Contents

1	Deprecated List	1
2	Module Index	1
2.1	Modules	1
3	Module Documentation	2
3.1	Functions for manipulating a buffer set	2
3.2	GSI GSS-API Constants	3
3.3	Activation	4
3.3.1	Detailed Description	4
3.3.2	Define Documentation	4
3.4	GSS Req Flags	5
3.4.1	Detailed Description	6
3.4.2	Define Documentation	6
3.4.3	Function Documentation	7
3.5	GSS Ret Flags	22
3.5.1	Detailed Description	22
3.5.2	Define Documentation	22

1 Deprecated List

Global GSS_C_GLOBUS_ACCEPT_PROXY_SIGNED_BY_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG (p. 6)

We now accept proxies signed by limited proxies if they are limited or independent.

Global GSS_C_GLOBUS_LIMITED_PROXY_MANY_FLAG (p. 7)

We now accept proxies signed by limited proxies if they are limited or independent.

2 Module Index

2.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

Functions for manipulating a buffer set	2
GSI GSS-API Constants	3
Activation	4
GSS Req Flags	5
GSS Ret Flags	22

3 Module Documentation

3.1 Functions for manipulating a buffer set

3.2 GSI GSS-API Constants

3.3 Activation

Defines

- `#define GLOBUS_GSI_GSSAPI_MODULE`

3.3.1 Detailed Description

Globus GSI GSSAPI uses standard Globus module activation and deactivation. Before any Globus GSI GSSAPI functions are called, the following function should be called:

```
globus_module_activate(GLOBUS_GSI_GSSAPI_MODULE)
```

This function returns `GLOBUS_SUCCESS` if Globus GSI GSSAPI was successfully initialized, and you are therefore allowed to subsequently call Globus GSI GSSAPI functions. Otherwise, an error code is returned, and Globus GSI GSSAPI functions should not subsequently be called. This function may be called multiple times.

To deactivate Globus GSI GSSAPI, the following function should be called:

```
globus_module_deactivate(GLOBUS_GSI_GSSAPI_MODULE)
```

This function should be called once for each time Globus GSI GSSAPI was activated.

Note that it is not mandatory to call the above functions.

3.3.2 Define Documentation

3.3.2.1 `#define GLOBUS_GSI_GSSAPI_MODULE`

Module descriptor.

3.4 GSS Req Flags

Collaboration diagram for GSS Req Flags:



Modules

- **GSS Ret Flags**

Defines

- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_DONT_ACCEPT_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 8192`
- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_DELEGATE_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 4096`
- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_ACCEPT_PROXY_SIGNED_BY_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 32768`
- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_ALLOW_MISSING_SIGNING_POLICY 65536`
- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_FORCE_SSL3 131072`
- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_LIMITED_PROXY_MANY_FLAG 32768`

Functions

- `OM_uint32 gss_acquire_cred (OM_uint32 *, const gss_name_t, OM_uint32, const gss_OID_set, gss_cred_usage_t, gss_cred_id_t *, gss_OID_set *, OM_uint32 *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_release_cred (OM_uint32 *, gss_cred_id_t *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_accept_sec_context (OM_uint32 *, gss_ctx_id_t *, const gss_cred_id_t, const gss_buffer_t, const gss_channel_bindings_t, gss_name_t *, gss_OID *, gss_buffer_t, OM_uint32 *, OM_uint32 *, gss_cred_id_t *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_delete_sec_context (OM_uint32 *, gss_ctx_id_t *, gss_buffer_t)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_context_time (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, OM_uint32 *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_get_mic (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, gss_qop_t, const gss_buffer_t, gss_buffer_t)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_verify_mic (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, const gss_buffer_t, const gss_buffer_t, gss_qop_t *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_wrap (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, int, gss_qop_t, const gss_buffer_t, int *, gss_buffer_t)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_unwrap (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, const gss_buffer_t, gss_buffer_t, int *, gss_qop_t *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_display_status (OM_uint32 *, OM_uint32, int, const gss_OID, OM_uint32 *, gss_buffer_t)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_indicate_mechs (OM_uint32 *, gss_OID_set *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_compare_name (OM_uint32 *, const gss_name_t, const gss_name_t, int *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_import_name (OM_uint32 *, const gss_buffer_t, const gss_OID, gss_name_t *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_export_name (OM_uint32 *, const gss_name_t, gss_buffer_t)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_release_name (OM_uint32 *, gss_name_t *)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_release_buffer (OM_uint32 *, gss_buffer_t)`
- `OM_uint32 gss_release_oid_set (OM_uint32 *, gss_OID_set *)`

- OM_uint32 **gss_inquire_cred** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_cred_id_t, gss_name_t *, OM_uint32 *, gss_cred_usage_t *, gss_OID_set *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_inquire_context** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, gss_name_t *, gss_name_t *, OM_uint32 *, gss_OID *, OM_uint32 *, int *, int *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_wrap_size_limit** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, int, gss_qop_t, OM_uint32, OM_uint32 *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_export_sec_context** (OM_uint32 *, gss_ctx_id_t *, gss_buffer_t)
- OM_uint32 **gss_import_sec_context** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_buffer_t, gss_ctx_id_t *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_create_empty_oid_set** (OM_uint32 *, gss_OID_set *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_add_oid_set_member** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_OID, gss_OID_set *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_test_oid_set_member** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_OID, const gss_OID_set, int *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_duplicate_name** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_name_t, gss_name_t *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_sign** (OM_uint32 *, gss_ctx_id_t, int, gss_buffer_t, gss_buffer_t)
- OM_uint32 **gss_verify** (OM_uint32 *, gss_ctx_id_t, gss_buffer_t, gss_buffer_t, int *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_unseal** (OM_uint32 *, gss_ctx_id_t, gss_buffer_t, gss_buffer_t, int *, int *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_create_empty_buffer_set** (OM_uint32 *, gss_buffer_set_t *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_add_buffer_set_member** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_buffer_t, gss_buffer_set_t *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_release_buffer_set** (OM_uint32 *, gss_buffer_set_t *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_import_cred** (OM_uint32 *, gss_cred_id_t *, const gss_OID, OM_uint32, const gss_buffer_t, OM_uint32, OM_uint32 *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_export_cred** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_cred_id_t, const gss_OID, OM_uint32, gss_buffer_t)
- OM_uint32 **gss_init_delegation** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, const gss_cred_id_t, const gss_OID, const gss_OID_set, const gss_buffer_set_t, const gss_buffer_t, OM_uint32, OM_uint32, gss_buffer_t)
- OM_uint32 **gss_accept_delegation** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_ctx_id_t, const gss_OID_set, const gss_buffer_set_t, const gss_buffer_t, OM_uint32, OM_uint32, OM_uint32 *, gss_cred_id_t *, gss_OID *, gss_buffer_t)
- OM_uint32 **gss_inquire_cred_by_oid** (OM_uint32 *, const gss_cred_id_t, const gss_OID, gss_buffer_set_t *)
- OM_uint32 **gss_set_sec_context_option** (OM_uint32 *, gss_ctx_id_t *, const gss_OID, const gss_buffer_t)

3.4.1 Detailed Description

These macros set the REQUESTED type of context - these should be set (or not) in the context's req_flags (or in the context's ret_flags if accept_sec_context is being called)

3.4.2 Define Documentation

3.4.2.1 #define GSS_C_GLOBUS_DONT_ACCEPT_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 8192

Set if you don't want a context to accept a limited proxy.

If this flag is set, and a limited proxy is received, the call will not be successful and the context will not be set up

3.4.2.2 #define GSS_C_GLOBUS_DELEGATE_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 4096

Set if you want the delegated proxy to be a limited proxy.

3.4.2.3 #define GSS_C_GLOBUS_ACCEPT_PROXY_SIGNED_BY_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 32768

Set if you want to accept proxies signed by limited proxies.

Deprecated We now accept proxies signed by limited proxies if they are limited or independent.

3.4.2.4 #define GSS_C_GLOBUS_ALLOW_MISSING_SIGNING_POLICY 65536

Set if you want to allow CA certs without a signing policy to verify.

3.4.2.5 #define GSS_C_GLOBUS_FORCE_SSL3 131072

Set if you want to force SSLv3 instead of negotiating TLSv1 or SSLv3.

3.4.2.6 #define GSS_C_GLOBUS_LIMITED_PROXY_MANY_FLAG 32768

Deprecated We now accept proxies signed by limited proxies if they are limited or independent.

3.4.3 Function Documentation

3.4.3.1 OM_uint32 gss_acquire_cred (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_name_t desired_name_P, OM_uint32 time_req, const gss_OID_set desired_mechs, gss_cred_usage_t cred_usage, gss_cred_id_t * output_cred_handle_P, gss_OID_set * actual_mechs, OM_uint32 * time_rec)

GSSAPI routine to acquire the local credential.

See the latest IETF draft/RFC on the GSS C bindings.

Gets the local credentials. The proxy_init_cred does most of the work of setting up the SSL_ctx, getting the user's cert, key, etc.

The globusid will be obtained from the certificate. (Minus and /CN=proxy entries.)

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	Mechanism specific status code. In this implementation, the minor_status is a cast from a globus_result_t value, which is either GLOBUS_SUCCESS or a globus error object ID if an error occurred.
<i>desired_name_P</i>	Name of principle whose credentials should be acquired This parameter maps to the desired subject of the cert to be acquired as the credential. Possible values are: For a service cert: <service name>=""><fqdn> For a host cert: <fqdn> For a proxy cert: <subject name>=""> For a user cert: <subject name>=""> This parameter can be NULL, in which case the cert is chosen using a default search order of: host, proxy, user, service
<i>time_req</i>	Number of seconds that credentials should remain valid. This value can be GSS_C_INDEFINITE for an unlimited lifetime. NOTE: in the current implementation, this parameter is ignored, since you can't change the expiration of a signed cert.
<i>desired_mechs</i>	
<i>cred_usage</i>	
<i>output_cred_handle_P</i>	
<i>actual_mechs</i>	
<i>time_rec</i>	

3.4.3.2 OM_uint32 gss_release_cred (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_cred_id_t * cred_handle_P)

Release the GSS cred handle.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status result - this is a globus_result_t cast to a OM_uint32. To access the globus error object use: globus_error_get((globus_result_t) *minor_status)
<i>cred_handle_P</i>	The gss cred handle to be released

Returns

The major status - GSS_S_COMPLETE or GSS_S_FAILURE

3.4.3.3 OM_uint32 gss_accept_sec_context (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_ctx_id_t * context_handle_P, const gss_cred_id_t acceptor_cred_handle, const gss_buffer_t input_token, const gss_channel_bindings_t input_chan_bindings, gss_name_t * src_name_P, gss_OID * mech_type, gss_buffer_t output_token, OM_uint32 * ret_flags, OM_uint32 * time_rec, gss_cred_id_t * delegated_cred_handle_P)

Parameters

minor_status	
context_handle_P	
acceptor_cred_handle	
input_token	
input_chan_bindings	
src_name_P	
mech_type	
output_token	
ret_flags	Also used as req_flags for other functions
time_rec	
delegated_cred_handle_P	

Returns

3.4.3.4 OM_uint32 gss_delete_sec_context (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_ctx_id_t * context_handle_P, gss_buffer_t output_token)

Delete the GSS Security Context.

Parameters

minor_status	The minor status result - this is a globus_result_t cast to a OM_uint32. The
context_handle_P	The context handle to be deleted
output_token	The

3.4.3.5 OM_uint32 gss_context_time (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_ctx_id_t context_handle, OM_uint32 * time_rec)

Parameters

minor_status	
context_handle	
time_rec	

Returns

3.4.3.6 `OM_uint32 gss_get_mic (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_ctx_id_t context_handle, gss_qop_t qop_req, const gss_buffer_t message_buffer, gss_buffer_t message_token)`

Calculates a cryptographic MIC (message integrity check) over an application message, and returns that MIC in the token.

The token and message can then be passed to the peer application which calls **gss_verify_mic** (p. 9) to verify the MIC.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>qop_req</i>	
<i>message_buffer</i>	
<i>message_token</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.7 `OM_uint32 gss_verify_mic (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_ctx_id_t context_handle, const gss_buffer_t message_buffer, const gss_buffer_t token_buffer, gss_qop_t * qop_state)`

Check a MIC of the data.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>message_buffer</i>	
<i>token_buffer</i>	
<i>qop_state</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.8 `OM_uint32 gss_wrap (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_ctx_id_t context_handle, int conf_req_flag, gss_qop_t qop_req, const gss_buffer_t input_message_buffer, int * conf_state, gss_buffer_t output_message_buffer)`

Wrap a message for integrity and protection.

We do this using the SSLv3 routines, by writing to the SSL bio, and pulling off the buffer from the back of the write BIO. But we can't do everything SSL might want, such as control messages, or segment the messages here, since we are forced to using the gssapi tokens, and can not communicate directly with our peer. So there maybe some failures which would work with true SSL.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>conf_req_flag</i>	
<i>qop_req</i>	
<i>input_message_buffer</i>	
<i>conf_state</i>	

<i>output_ - message_buffer</i>	
-------------------------------------	--

Returns

3.4.3.9 OM_uint32 gss_unwrap (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, const gss_ctx_id_t *context_handle*, const gss_buffer_t *input_message_buffer*, gss_buffer_t *output_message_buffer*, int * *conf_state*, gss_qop_t * *qop_state*)

GSSAPI routine to unwrap a buffer which may have been received and wrapped by wrap.c.

Return the data from the wrapped buffer. There may also be errors, such as integrity errors. Since we can not communicate directly with our peer, we can not do everything SSL could, i.e. return a token for example.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>input_message_ - buffer</i>	
<i>output_ - message_buffer</i>	
<i>conf_state</i>	
<i>qop_state</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.10 OM_uint32 gss_display_status (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, OM_uint32 *status_value*, int *status_type*, const gss_OID *mech_type*, OM_uint32 * *message_context*, gss_buffer_t *status_string*)

Calls the SSLeay error print routines to produce a printable message.

This may need some work, as the SSLeay error messages are more of a trace, and may not be the best for the user. Also don't take advantage of being called in a loop.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>status_value</i>	
<i>status_type</i>	
<i>mech_type</i>	
<i>message_ - context</i>	
<i>status_string</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.11 OM_uint32 gss_indicate_mechs (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, gss_OID_set * *mech_set*)

Passes back the mech set of available mechs.

We only have one for now.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>mech_set</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.12 `OM_uint32 gss_compare_name (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_name_t name1_P, const gss_name_t name2_P, int * name_equal)`

Compare two names.

GSSAPI names in this implementation are pointers to x509 names.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	currently is always set to GLOBUS_SUCCESS
<i>name1_P</i>	
<i>name2_P</i>	
<i>name_equal</i>	

Returns

currently always returns GSS_S_COMPLETE

3.4.3.13 `OM_uint32 gss_import_name (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_buffer_t input_name_buffer, const gss_OID input_name_type, gss_name_t * output_name_P)`

Import a name into a gss_name_t

Creates a new gss_name_t which contains a mechanism-specific representation of the input name.

GSSAPI OpenSSL implements the following name types, based on the input_name_type OID:

- GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS (input_name_buffer is ignored)
- GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE (input_name_buffer contains a string "service@FQN" which will match /CN=service/FQDN)
- GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME (input_name_buffer contains a string with the X509_oneline representation of a name) like "/X=Y/Z=A...")
- GSS_C_NO_OID or GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME (input_name_buffer contains an X.500 name formatted like "/X=Y/Z=A...")
- GLOBUS_GSS_C_NT_HOST_IP (input_name_buffer contains a string "FQDN/ip-address" which will match names with the FQDN or the IP address)
- GLOBUS_GSS_C_NT_X509 (input buffer is an X509 struct from OpenSSL)

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	Minor status
<i>input_name_ - buffer</i>	Input name buffer which is interpreted based on the <i>input_name_type</i>
<i>input_name_ - type</i>	OID of the name
<i>output_name_P</i>	New gss_name_t value containing the name

Return values

<i>GSS_S_COMPLETE</i>	indicates that a valid name representation is output in output_name and described by the type value in output_name_type.
<i>GSS_S_BAD_NAME_TYPE</i>	indicates that the input_name_type is unsupported by the applicable underlying GSS-API mechanism(s), so the import operation could not be completed.
<i>GSS_S_BAD_NAME</i>	indicates that the provided input_name_string is ill-formed in terms of the input_name_type, so the import operation could not be completed.
<i>GSS_S_BAD_MECH</i>	indicates that the input presented for import was an exported name object and that its enclosed mechanism type was not recognized or was unsupported by the GSS-API implementation.
<i>GSS_S_FAILURE</i>	indicates that the requested operation could not be performed for reasons unspecified at the GSS-API level.

3.4.3.14 OM_uint32 gss_export_name (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_name_t input_name_P, gss_buffer_t exported_name)

Produces a mechanism-independent exported name object.

See section 3.2 of RFC 2743.

3.4.3.15 OM_uint32 gss_release_name (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_name_t * name_P)

Release the GSS Name.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status result - this is a globus_result_t cast to a (OM_uint32 *).
<i>name_P</i>	The gss name to be released

Returns

The major status - GSS_S_COMPLETE or GSS_S_FAILURE

3.4.3.16 OM_uint32 gss_release_buffer (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_buffer_t buffer)

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>buffer</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.17 OM_uint32 gss_release_oid_set (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_OID_set * mech_set)

Release the OID set.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>mech_set</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.18 OM_uint32 gss_inquire_cred (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, const gss_cred_id_t *cred_handle_P*, gss_name_t * *name*, OM_uint32 * *lifetime*, gss_cred_usage_t * *cred_usage*, gss_OID_set * *mechanisms*)

Get information about the current credential.

We will also allow the return of the proxy file name, if the *minor_status* is set to a value of 57056 0xdee0 This is done since there is no way to pass back the delegated credential file name.

When 57056 is seen, this will cause a new copy of this credential to be written, and it is the user's responsibility to free the file when done. The name will be a pointer to a char * of the file name which must be freed. The *minor_status* will be set to 57057 0xdee1 to indicate this.

DEE - this is a kludge, till the GSSAPI get a better way to return the name.

If the minor status is not changed from 57056 to 57057 assume it is not this gssapi, and a gss name was returned.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>cred_handle_P</i>	
<i>name</i>	
<i>lifetime</i>	
<i>cred_usage</i>	
<i>mechanisms</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.19 OM_uint32 gss_inquire_context (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, const gss_ctx_id_t *context_handle_P*, gss_name_t * *src_name_P*, gss_name_t * *targ_name_P*, OM_uint32 * *lifetime_rec*, gss_OID * *mech_type*, OM_uint32 * *ctx_flags*, int * *locally_initiated*, int * *open*)

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle_P</i>	
<i>src_name_P</i>	
<i>targ_name_P</i>	
<i>lifetime_rec</i>	
<i>mech_type</i>	
<i>ctx_flags</i>	
<i>locally_initiated</i>	
<i>open</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.20 `OM_uint32 gss_wrap_size_limit (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_ctx_id_t context_handle, int conf_req_flag, gss_qop_t qop_req, OM_uint32 req_output_size, OM_uint32 * max_input_size)`

GSSAPI routine to take a buffer, calculate a MIC which is returned as a token.

We will use the SSL protocol here.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>conf_req_flag</i>	
<i>qop_req</i>	
<i>req_output_size</i>	
<i>max_input_size</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.21 `OM_uint32 gss_export_sec_context (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_ctx_id_t * context_handle_P, gss_buffer_t interprocess_token)`

Saves the important info about the session, converts it to a token, then deletes the context.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle_P</i>	
<i>interprocess_token</i>	

Returns

For SSL handle We need to save: version of this routine. cred_usage, i.e. are we accept or initiate target/source or name Session: Protocol, cipher, and Master-Key Client-Random Server-Random tmp.key_block: client and server Mac_secrets write_sequence read_sequence write iv read iv

see SSL 3.0 draft <http://wp.netscape.com/eng/ssl3/index.html>

3.4.3.22 `OM_uint32 gss_import_sec_context (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_buffer_t interprocess_token, gss_ctx_id_t * context_handle_P)`

GSSAPI routine to import the security context based on the input token.

See: <draft-ietf-cat-gssv2-cbind-04.txt>

3.4.3.23 `OM_uint32 gss_create_empty_oid_set (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_OID_set * oid_set)`

Creates an object identifier set containing no object identifiers, to which members may be subsequently added using the GSS_Add_OID_set_member() routine.

These routines are intended to be used to construct sets of mechanism object identifiers, for input to GSS_Acquire_cred().

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>oid_set</i>	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE indicates successful completion GSS_S_FAILURE indicates that the operation failed

3.4.3.24 OM_uint32 gss_add_oid_set_member (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, const gss_OID *member_oid*, gss_OID_set * *oid_set*)

Adds an Object Identifier to an Object Identifier set.

This routine is intended for use in conjunction with GSS_Create_empty_OID_set() when constructing a set of mechanism OIDs for input to GSS_Acquire_cred().

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>member_oid</i>	
<i>oid_set</i>	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE indicates successful completion GSS_S_FAILURE indicates that the operation failed

3.4.3.25 OM_uint32 gss_test_oid_set_member (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, const gss_OID *member*, const gss_OID_set *set*, int * *present*)

Interrogates an Object Identifier set to determine whether a specified Object Identifier is a member.

This routine is intended to be used with OID sets returned by GSS_Indicate_mechs(), GSS_Acquire_cred(), and GSS_Inquire_cred().

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>member</i>	
<i>set</i>	
<i>present</i>	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE indicates successful completion GSS_S_FAILURE indicates that the operation failed

3.4.3.26 OM_uint32 gss_duplicate_name (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, const gss_name_t *src_name*, gss_name_t * *dest_name*)

Copy a GSS name.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>src_name</i>	
<i>dest_name</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.27 **OM_uint32 gss_sign** (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, gss_ctx_id_t *context_handle*, int *qop_req*, gss_buffer_t *message_buffer*, gss_buffer_t *message_token*)

Deprecated.

Does the same thing as `gss_get_mic` for V1 compatability.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>qop_req</i>	
<i>message_buffer</i>	
<i>message_token</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.28 **OM_uint32 gss_verify** (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, gss_ctx_id_t *context_handle*, gss_buffer_t *message_buffer*, gss_buffer_t *token_buffer*, int * *qop_state*)

Obsolete variant of `gss_verify` for V1 compatability Check a MIC of the data.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>message_buffer</i>	
<i>token_buffer</i>	
<i>qop_state</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.29 **OM_uint32 gss_unseal** (OM_uint32 * *minor_status*, gss_ctx_id_t *context_handle*, gss_buffer_t *input_message_buffer*, gss_buffer_t *output_message_buffer*, int * *conf_state*, int * *qop_state*)

Obsolete variant of `gss_wrap` for V1 compatability allow for non 32 bit integer in `qop_state`.

Return the data from the wrapped buffer. There may also be errors, such as integrity errors. Since we can not communicate directly with our peer, we can not do everything SSL could, i.e. return a token for example.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>input_message_</i> <i>_buffer</i>	
<i>output_</i> <i>message_buffer</i>	
<i>conf_state</i>	
<i>qop_state</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.30 `OM_uint32 gss_create_empty_buffer_set (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_buffer_set_t * buffer_set)`

Create a empty buffer set.

This function allocates and initializes a empty buffer set. The memory allocated in this function should be freed by a call to `gss_release_buffer_set`.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status returned by this function. This paramter will be 0 upon success.
<i>buffer_set</i>	Pointer to a buffer set structure.

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE upon success GSS_S_FAILURE failure

See also

`gss_add_buffer_set_member` (p. 17)

`gss_release_buffer_set` (p. 18)

3.4.3.31 `OM_uint32 gss_add_buffer_set_member (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_buffer_t member_buffer, gss_buffer_set_t * buffer_set)`

Add a buffer to a buffer set.

This function allocates a new `gss_buffer_t`, intializes it with the values in the `member_buffer` parameter.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status returned by this function. This paramter will be 0 upon success.
<i>member_buffer</i>	Buffer to insert into the buffer set.
<i>buffer_set</i>	Pointer to a initialized buffer set structure.

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE upon success GSS_S_FAILURE failure

See also

gss_create_empty_buffer_set (p. 17)
gss_release_buffer_set (p. 18)

3.4.3.32 OM_uint32 gss_release_buffer_set (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_buffer_set_t * buffer_set)

Free all memory associated with a buffer set.

This function will free all memory associated with a buffer set. Note that it will also free all memory associated with the buffers in the buffer set.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status returned by this function. This parameter will be 0 upon success.
<i>buffer_set</i>	Pointer to a buffer set structure. This pointer will point to a NULL value upon return.

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE upon success GSS_S_FAILURE failure

See also

gss_create_empty_buffer_set (p. 17)
gss_add_buffer_set_member (p. 17)

3.4.3.33 OM_uint32 gss_import_cred (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_cred_id_t * output_cred_handle, const gss_OID desired_mech, OM_uint32 option_req, const gss_buffer_t import_buffer, OM_uint32 time_req, OM_uint32 * time_rec)

Import a credential that was exported by **gss_export_cred()** (p. 18).

This function will import credentials exported by **gss_export_cred()** (p. 18). It is intended to allow a multiple use application to checkpoint delegated credentials.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status returned by this function. This parameter will be 0 upon success.
<i>output_cred_handle</i>	Upon success, this parameter will contain the imported credential. When no longer needed this credential should be freed using gss_release_cred() (p. 7).
<i>desired_mech</i>	This parameter may be used to specify the desired security mechanism. May be GSS_C_NO_OID.
<i>option_req</i>	This parameter indicates which option_req value was used to produce the import_buffer.
<i>import_buffer</i>	A buffer produced by gss_export_cred() .
<i>time_req</i>	The requested period of validity (seconds) for the imported credential. May be NULL.
<i>time_rec</i>	This parameter will contain the received period of validity of the imported credential upon success. May be NULL.

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE upon successful completion GSS_S_BAD_MECH if the requested security mechanism is unavailable GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN if the import_buffer is defective GSS_S_FAILURE upon general failure

3.4.3.34 OM_uint32 gss_export_cred (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_cred_id_t cred_handle, const gss_OID desired_mech, OM_uint32 option_req, gss_buffer_t export_buffer)

Saves the credential so it can be checkpointed and imported by **gss_import_cred**.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>cred_handle</i>	
<i>desired_mech</i>	Should either be <code>gss_mech_globus_gssapi_openssl</code> or <code>NULL</code> (in which case <code>gss_mech_globus_gssapi_openssl</code> is assumed).
<i>option_req</i>	
<i>export_buffer</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.35 `OM_uint32 gss_init_delegation (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_ctx_id_t context_handle, const gss_cred_id_t cred_handle, const gss_OID desired_mech, const gss_OID_set extension_oids, const gss_buffer_set_t extension_buffers, const gss_buffer_t input_token, OM_uint32 req_flags, OM_uint32 time_req, gss_buffer_t output_token)`

Initiate the delegation of a credential.

This function drives the initiating side of the credential delegation process. It is expected to be called in tandem with the `gss_accept_delegation` function.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status returned by this function. This parameter will be 0 upon success.
<i>context_handle</i>	The security context over which the credential is delegated.
<i>cred_handle</i>	The credential to be delegated. May be <code>GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL</code> in which case the credential associated with the security context is used.
<i>desired_mech</i>	The desired security mechanism. Currently not used. May be <code>GSS_C_NO_OID</code> .
<i>extension_oids</i>	A set of extension oids corresponding to buffers in the <code>extension_buffers</code> parameter below. The extensions specified will be added to the delegated credential. May be <code>GSS_C_NO_BUFFER_SET</code> .
<i>extension_buffers</i>	A set of extension buffers corresponding to oids in the <code>extension_oids</code> parameter above. May be <code>GSS_C_NO_BUFFER_SET</code> .
<i>input_token</i>	The token that was produced by a prior call to <code>gss_accept_delegation</code> . This parameter will be ignored the first time this function is called.
<i>req_flags</i>	Flags that modify the behavior of the function. Currently only <code>GSS_C_GLOBUS_SSL_COMPATIBLE</code> and <code>GSS_C_GLOBUS_LIMITED_DELEG_PROXY_FLAG</code> are checked for. The <code>GSS_C_GLOBUS_SSL_COMPATIBLE</code> flag results in tokens that aren't wrapped and <code>GSS_C_GLOBUS_LIMITED_DELEG_PROXY_FLAG</code> causes the delegated proxy to be limited (requires that no extensions are specified).
<i>time_req</i>	The requested period of validity (seconds) of the delegated credential. Passing a <code>time_req</code> of 0 causes the delegated credential to have the same lifetime as the credential that issued it.
<i>output_token</i>	A token that should be passed to <code>gss_accept_delegation</code> if the return value is <code>GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED</code> .

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE upon successful completion GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED if the function needs to be called again. GSS_S_FAILURE upon failure

3.4.3.36 `OM_uint32 gss_accept_delegation (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_ctx_id_t context_handle, const gss_OID_set extension_oids, const gss_buffer_set_t extension_buffers, const gss_buffer_t input_token, OM_uint32 req_flags, OM_uint32 time_req, OM_uint32 * time_rec, gss_cred_id_t * delegated_cred_handle, gss_OID * mech_type, gss_buffer_t output_token)`

Accept a delegated credential.

This functions drives the accepting side of the credential delegation process. It is expected to be called in tandem with the `gss_init_delegation` function.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	The minor status returned by this function. This paramter will be 0 upon success.
<i>context_handle</i>	The security context over which the credential is delegated.
<i>extension_oids</i>	A set of extension oids corresponding to buffers in the <i>extension_buffers</i> paramter below. May be GSS_C_NO_BUFFER_SET. Currently not used.
<i>extension_buffers</i>	A set of extension buffers corresponding to oids in the <i>extension_oids</i> paramter above. May be GSS_C_NO_BUFFER_SET. Currently not used.
<i>input_token</i>	The token that was produced by a prior call to <code>gss_init_delegation</code> .
<i>req_flags</i>	Flags that modify the behavior of the function. Currently only GSS_C_GLOBUS_SSL_COMPATIBLE is checked for. This flag results in tokens that aren't wrapped.
<i>time_req</i>	The requested period of validity (seconds) of the delegated credential. Currently a noop.
<i>time_rec</i>	This parameter will contain the received period of validity of the delegated credential upon success. May be NULL.
<i>delegated_cred_handle</i>	This parameter will contain the delegated credential upon success.
<i>mech_type</i>	Returns the security mechanism upon success. Currently not implemented. May be NULL.
<i>output_token</i>	A token that should be passed to <code>gss_init_delegation</code> if the return value is GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED.

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE upon successful completion GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED if the function needs to be called again. GSS_S_FAILURE upon failure

3.4.3.37 `OM_uint32 gss_inquire_cred_by_oid (OM_uint32 * minor_status, const gss_cred_id_t cred_handle, const gss_OID desired_object, gss_buffer_set_t * data_set)`

NOTE: Checks both the cert in the credential and the certs in the cert chain for a valid extension that matches the desired OID.

The first one found is used, starting with the endpoint cert, and then searching the cert chain.

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>cred_handle</i>	
<i>desired_object</i>	
<i>data_set</i>	

Returns

3.4.3.38 `OM_uint32 gss_set_sec_context_option (OM_uint32 * minor_status, gss_ctx_id_t * context_handle, const gss_OID option, const gss_buffer_t value)`

GSSAPI routine to initiate the sending of a security context See: <draft-ietf-cat-gssv2-cbind-04.txt>

Parameters

<i>minor_status</i>	
<i>context_handle</i>	
<i>option</i>	
<i>value</i>	

Returns

3.5 GSS Ret Flags

Collaboration diagram for GSS Ret Flags:



Defines

- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_RECEIVED_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 8192`
- `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_RECEIVED_LIMITED_PROXY_DURING_DELEGATION_FLAG 4096`

3.5.1 Detailed Description

These macros set the RETURNED context type - these will be set (or not) in the context's `ret_flags`.

3.5.2 Define Documentation

3.5.2.1 `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_RECEIVED_LIMITED_PROXY_FLAG 8192`

If the proxy received is a limited proxy, this flag will be set in the returned context flags (`ret_flags`)

3.5.2.2 `#define GSS_C_GLOBUS_RECEIVED_LIMITED_PROXY_DURING_DELEGATION_FLAG 4096`

If the proxy received is a limited proxy received during delegation, this flag is set in the returned flags.