The xr package*

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This package implements a system for eXternal References.

If one document needs to refer to sections of another, say `aaa.tex`, then this package may be loaded in the main file, and the command
`\externaldocument{aaa}`
given in the preamble.

Then you may use `\ref` and `\pageref` to refer to anything which has been given a `\label` in either `aaa.tex` or the main document. You may declare any number of such external documents.

If any of the external documents, or the main document, use the same `\label` then an error will occur as the label will be multiply defined. To overcome this problem `\externaldocument` has an optional argument. If you declare `\externaldocument[A-]{aaa}` Then all references from `aaa` are prefixed by `A-`. So for instance, if a section of `aaa` had `\label{intro}`, then this could be referenced with `\ref{A-intro}`. The prefix need not be `A-`, it can be any string chosen to ensure that all the labels imported from external files are unique. Note however that if your style declares certain active characters (`:` in French, `"` in German) then these characters can not usually be used in `\label`, and similarly may not be used in the optional argument to `\externaldocument`.

1 The macros

```
1 ⟨*package⟩
```

Check for the optional argument.

```
2 \def\externaldocument{\@ifnextchar[\XR@{\XR@[]}}
```

Save the optional prefix. Start processing the first `aux` file.

```
3 \def\XR@[#1]#2{{%
4   \makeatletter
5   \def\XR@prefix{#1}%
6   \XR@next#2.aux\relax\\}}
```

Process the next `aux` file in the list and remove it from the head of the list of files to process.

```
7 \def\XR@next#1\relax#2\\{%
8   \edef\XR@list{#2}%
9   \XR@loop{#1}}
```

Check whether the list of `aux` files is empty.

```
10 \def\XR@aux{%
11   \ifx\XR@list\@empty\else\expandafter\XR@explist\fi}
```

Expand the list of aux files, and call `\XR@next` to process the first one.

```
12 \def\XR@explist{\expandafter\XR@next\XR@list\\}
```

If the `aux` file exists, loop through line by line, looking for `\newlabel` and `\@input`. Otherwise process the next file in the list.

```
13 \def\XR@loop#1{\openin\@inputcheck#1\relax
```

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```
  \ifeof\@inputcheck
    \PackageWarning{xr}{^^JNo file #1^^JLABELS NOT IMPORTED.^^J}%
    \expandafter\XR@aux
  \else
    \PackageInfo{xr}{IMPORTING LABELS FROM #1}%
    \expandafter\XR@read\fi}
```

Read the next line of the aux file.

```
\def\XR@read{%
  \read\@inputcheck to\XR@line
```

The `...` make sure that `\XR@test` always has sufficient arguments.

```
  \expandafter\XR@test\XR@line...\XR@}
```

Look at the first token of the line. If it is `\newlabel`, do the `\newlabel`. If it is `\@input`, add the filename to the list of files to process. Otherwise ignore. Go around the loop if not at end of file. Finally process the next file in the list.

```
\long\def\XR@test#1#2#3#4\XR@{%
  \ifx#1\newlabel
    \newlabel{\XR@prefix#2}{#3}%
  \else\ifx#1\@input
     \edef\XR@list{\XR@list#2\relax}%
  \fi\fi
  \ifeof\@inputcheck\expandafter\XR@aux
  \else\expandafter\XR@read\fi}
```

⟨/package⟩